

. He

repeatedly claimed that we were incapable, that our business plan was inadequate, and

Even a simple landlord consent letter was not sent out in time to landlords like Triple Five and Westcliff despite our repeated urgings, causing us to miss the optimal window for their signatures.

On June 11, we had breakfast together. It is our second time meeting with During this hour-and-a-half meeting, he spent the entire time pitching the expensive external company Hilco, claiming they could influence the landlords' opinions. He encouraged us to hire the former HBC president, who had been away from HBC for years, for at least ten hours as a "performer" to pose as a consultant.

On the morning of July 6, I received a letter from HBC agreeing to deduct \$3 million from the total price, with \$1.5 million from my deposit allocated for re-engaging [counsel], hiring former CEO Liz Rodbell, and re-engaging KPMG (see Attachment 3). We were never informed of this work, nor when or why it was performed. Such deductions from the total price harm creditors' interests.

The landlords, as major stakeholders in the 25 leases, were well aware early on of the value of the HBC leases. However, they allied together to bypass court procedures and, disregarding the creditors' losses, schemed to regain the leases for nothing. Therefore, no matter how perfect our business plan was, the landlords would still refuse our purchase of the leases. What I am entitled to purchase are the original HBC lease terms, use, and obligations. Should I wish to amend these after the Court's approval, I would negotiate and sign supplementary agreements with the landlords. I believe what the Court has the authority to sell are also the original HBC leases. Furthermore, if I fail to pay rent within six months of operations, the landlords would have the right to reclaim the stores.

Over the past three months, we have prepared CAD 350 million in cash, and we have undertaken extensive preparations for store openings. We are confident in our ability to succeed. Attached is a recommendation letter from the Chief Cassidy of the Tsawwassen First Nation where Tsawwassen Mills is located, supporting my purchase of the HBC leases (see Attachment 4).

They have sent us legal letters instructing us not to contact you. HBC has repeatedly threatened to terminate our agreement and forfeit our deposit. I sincerely thank you for your time and hope you can uphold justice in accordance with the law.

Sincerely,

Ruby Liu



Linda Qin MBA CEO

Central Walk Canada

5000 Canoe Pass Way, Tsawwassen, British Columbia V4M 0B3

Ph: 604-260-4971 Cell: 604-782-6160

E: <u>linda.qin@centralwalk.com</u>

ATTACHMENT 1 of 4

ATTACHMENT 2 of 4

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Main: 416 869 5500 Fax: 416 947 0866 www.stikeman.com

Ashley Taylor
Direct: +1 416 869 5236
ataylor@stikeman.com

July 5, 2025 By Email: lellis@millerthomson.com

File No.: 0124131975

Miller Thomson LLP 40 King Street West, Suite 6600 Toronto, Ontario M5H 3S1

Attention: Larry Ellis

Re: Asset Purchase Agreement dated May 23, 2025, between HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY ULC COMPAGNIE DE LA BAIE D'HUDSON SRI ("Hudson's Bay") and HBC CENTREPOINT GP INC., collectively as Vendor, RUBY LIU COMMERCIAL INVESTMENT CORP., as Purchaser, and WEIHONG LIU, as Guarantor, as amended by Amending Agreement dated June 13, 2025 (collectively, the "Agreement")

As you know, we are counsel to the Vendor. Reference is made to the Agreement. Capitalized terms used and not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Agreement.

Pursuant to Section 2.3(1) of the Agreement, the Purchaser is obligated to use commercially reasonable efforts to obtain from each Landlord under each Lease a waiver in form and substance acceptable to the Vendor and the Purchaser each acting in a commercially reasonable manner and without delay. Time is of the essence of the Agreement in all respects.

On May 27, 2025, the Vendor's financial and legal advisors (Reflect Advisors, LLC, Oberfeld Snowcap and Stikeman Elliott LLP) organized a video call with the Purchaser to advise and caution the Purchaser of what it should expect at the introductory meetings with eight Landlords scheduled by the Vendor's advisors for the week of June 2 (six in-person meetings and two virtual meetings) (collectively, the "Landlord Meetings"). The Vendor's advisors reiterated to the Purchaser that it should be in a position to provide the Landlords with reasonable and substantive details regarding its plans for the Lease locations, including: (1) the proposed uses and products to be sold in the stores; (2) when the stores will be open and operating; (3) the Purchaser's understanding of the cost of repairing each store; (4) how much the Purchaser intends to invest in each store; (5) the Purchaser's intentions regarding subleasing and concessions; and (6) the Purchaser's retail experience. In addition, the Vendor's advisors impressed upon the Purchaser the need to retain qualified Canadian legal counsel (as the Purchaser had terminated the engagement of its prior external counsel) to assist the Purchaser in obtaining the Landlord Waivers as well as Court approval of the Transactions. In response, the Purchaser advised the Vendor's advisors, among other things, to "relax and lay back".

Following the May 27 video call, we wrote (on behalf of the Vendor) to the Purchaser on May 29, 2025 (a copy of the May 29 letter is attached hereto as Exhibit "A"):

- 1. Reminding the Purchaser of its obligations under Section 2.3(1) of the Agreement and the need to prepare the required documents and information in advance of meeting with the Landlords;
- 2. Repeating the need for the Purchaser to engage new external Canadian legal counsel to assist with obtaining both the Landlord Waivers and subsequent Court approval of the Transactions;

- Reiterating the Vendor's view that failing to engage qualified Canadian counsel would have a
 material and detrimental impact on the Purchaser's ability to obtain the Landlord Waivers and to
 complete the Transactions;
- 4. Informing the Purchaser of the need to prepare appropriate forms of Landlord Waivers for each Landlord and provide drafts, including any requested modifications to the Leases, at or as soon as possible after the Landlord Meetings, in accordance with the Purchaser's obligations under the Agreement;
- 5. Impressing upon the Purchaser the need to provide the Landlords with:
 - a. Sufficient information to assess the identity and financial wherewithal of the Purchaser, including financial statements and organizational documents;
 - b. A finalized business plan, including contemplated investment and renovations at each Lease location, merchandise mix, selected suppliers and licensees, banner name, marketing initiatives, customer engagement activities and forecasted pro forma financial information over a five-year period; and
 - c. Details regarding the Purchaser's management team, including names, biographies and relevant retail and operational experience;
- 6. Cautioning the Purchaser that the Vendor would not be able to extend the applicable deadlines under the Agreement without the support of the Vendor's secured creditors who would bear the costs and risk of an extended timeline; and
- 7. Offering the assistance of the Vendor and its advisors.

As we have advised you on numerous occasions, this information is critical to obtain the Landlord Waivers and/or seek Court approval of the Transactions and Leases assignments, and that providing such information is standard in similar circumstances. Nonetheless, the Purchaser chose to ignore the Vendor's advice and did not prepare any substantive materials or presentation for the Landlord Meetings and failed to provide adequate responses to basic questions from the Landlords regarding the proposed tenant's financial covenant, retail operation experience, capital expenditures plan for each Lease location and intended suppliers and product mix.

Following the Landlord Meetings, several Landlords wrote to the Purchaser, the Vendor and/or the Monitor seeking further information, including the information the Vendor's advisors had previously advised the Purchaser would be required. The Purchaser's newly hired Canadian counsel, Miller Thomson LLP, provided a letter to the relevant Landlords on June 6, 2025.

Over the next week, Landlords representing all or virtually all the Lease locations wrote to the Purchaser, the Vendor and/or the Monitor seeking further information and/or advising that the Landlords did not or would not consent to the assignment of their Leases to the Purchaser based on the limited information provided. The letters from these Landlords clearly demonstrate the Purchaser's lack of preparation and advancement of reasonable efforts and tangible steps to address the Landlords' questions and concerns regarding the Purchaser's ability to launch a new 28-store department store concept. For example, set forth below are some excerpts from these letters (each of which is attached hereto as Exhibits "B" through "D"):

• From Cadillac Fairview letter dated June 11, 2025:

"As you may be aware, senior representatives of CFCL met with Ms Liu and her representatives on June 2, 2025, and it was apparent at that meeting that Ms Liu was wholly unprepared to

engage in a meaningful way with CFCL (e.g., no written materials of any kind were provided to CFCL in anticipation of or at such meeting)."

"CFCL has emphasized (including prior to and at its meeting with Ms Liu and her representatives) the need to see a comprehensive business plan – as any landlord would – in order to consider further Ms Liu's proposal. Your June 6 letter did not include or attach a business plan. The majority of the letter consists of a copy of Justice Osborne's Lease Monetization Order and provides almost no detail regarding a strategic, financial, or operational business plan. The barebones financial projections attached to your letter seemingly consist of a mere derivation of HBC's historic operating results, while the cost structure enumerated therein does not reflect the reality of this situation. Any business plan for an enterprise of the scale that Ms Liu is purporting to run would have been significantly more comprehensive and thought out to be taken seriously by any interested parties. CFCL is left with a host of unanswered questions, including, but certainly not limited to, her plans for merchandising, staffing, repairs and renovations, marketing, and financing. Please provide such information immediately if you would like us to consider this further."

"It is apparent to CFCL – including from its most recent meeting with Ms Liu – that Ms Liu does not have the wherewithal to act as a retail operator in these leased locations. [...] Moreover, none of this is either described or dispelled in your letter, leaving significant uncertainty as to Ms Liu's plans, or if she in fact knows what her plan is. CFCL is left with the strong impression that Ms Liu is making this up as she goes. These inconsistencies and lack of clarity in Ms Liu's messaging, her lack of preparedness, and her lack of experience as a retail operator, undermine her credibility as a serious tenant capable of operating a retail enterprise of this scale in the CFCL locations."

"The lack of planning and preparation by Ms Liu in respect of the Proposed Assignment is evident in CFCL's interactions with her to date and in the short letter that has been thrown together at the 11th hour."

From Oxford letter dated June 11, 2025:

"It is clear from the meeting that representatives of Oxford had with the Intended Purchaser and its promoter Ms. Liu (with HBC, the Monitor and various advisors) that Ms. Liu has very limited understanding of the terms of the leases to which she is seeking an assignment, including but not limited to the extent of the repairs that are immediately required to be undertaken at Oxford's locations."

"It will come as no surprise that, based on the information that Oxford has received, Oxford does not consent to or support an assignment of any of their leases to the Intended Purchaser."

From Primaris REIT letter dated June 12, 2025:

"By way of overview, Ms. Liu's plans are, in our client's view, predicated upon hope, optimism and not on experience in respect of the minimum timelines and costs to refurbish twenty-eight (28) locations, in various degrees of disrepair, in three (3) provinces. Our client's four (4) premises are in significant states of disrepair and there is no reasonable prospect that plans, approvals, permits, trades, and product supply can be completed in three (3) months as projected. All assumptions in the plan that flow from such a materially unrealistic time proposal render all projections inaccurate."

On June 13, 2025, the Vendor extended the Landlord Waiver Date by five business days to June 20, 2025, in order to provide the Purchaser with a further opportunity to address the Landlords' various concerns. In the three weeks since, the Purchaser has failed to provide a response of any kind to the

Landlords. Further, the Purchaser has refused or failed to advance its draft business plan to the point that it could credibly be put to the Court in support of an assignment motion.

In addition, as noted in our letter to the Purchaser dated June 28, 2025, attached hereto as Exhibit "E", the Purchaser has failed to satisfy its obligations under section 2.3(3)(a) of the Agreement to provide the Vendor and the Monitor by the Cure Costs Claims Date (being June 25, 2025) an itemized summary, in reasonable detail, of all Cure Costs which it claims are or will be owing under each of the Leases as of the Closing Date. As a result, as of today's date, there is still no agreement between the Vendor, the Purchaser and the Monitor as to the Purchaser Cure Cost Claims.

The Vendor's advisors have provided substantial assistance to the Purchaser, including but not limited to: (1) introducing the Purchaser to multiple Canadian advisors, including financial, legal and retail consultants; (2) organizing and attending the introductory Landlord meetings; (3) supporting the Vendor's development of a financial forecast model; (4) reviewing and providing input into the June 6, 2025 letter sent to the Landlords; and (5) assisting the Purchaser with communications to Hudson's Bay's former suppliers who may be interested in being potential suppliers to the Purchaser's business.

Throughout the Landlord consultation process, the Purchaser has continuously failed to use commercially reasonable efforts to obtain the Landlord Waivers. We have had numerous discussions with you and/or your legal counsel regarding what is required to advance the Agreement for Court approval. We will not detail these discussions in this letter; however, the Purchaser has failed and/or refused to take the most basic and necessary steps to advance its bid. The Purchaser is in breach of the Agreement and pursuant to Section 9.1(9) of the Agreement, the Vendor has the right to terminate the Agreement and if the Vendor exercises such right the Deposit will become the property of and shall be transferred to the Vendor as liquidated damages pursuant to Section 9.2(2)(a) of the Agreement.

As we have discussed with you and/or Miller Thomson LLP on numerous occasions, in order to have any chance of success at a contested assignment motion, the Purchaser must put forward a viable business plan. To date, the Purchaser has failed to do so and more surprisingly (given the size of the financial commitment contemplated in its bid) has refused to expend appropriate funds to engage the necessary expertise to create a credible business plan. In a final effort to preserve the potential Transactions, but without prejudice to the Vendor's rights and remedies under the Agreement in respect of the Purchaser's existing or future breaches, the Vendor is offering the following final proposal:

- 1. By 5:00pm ET on Sunday, July 6, 2025, the Purchaser will provide a countersigned copy of this letter to the Vendor and the Monitor agreeing to fulfil all terms of this final proposal set forth herein pursuant to which the Agreement shall be amended to: (a) reduce the Purchase Price by \$3 million; and (b) allow for the release of \$1.5 million of the Deposit to Miller Thomson LLP for the purpose of engaging and paying a retainer to Liz Rodbell (Hudson's Bay's former Chief Executive Officer) as a consultant, KPMG LLP as a financial advisor and Miller Thomson LLP for the purpose of revising the business plan, and such countersigned letter shall, subject to the prior consent of the Monitor, constitute an amendment to the Agreement in accordance with Section 11.0 thereof:
- 2. By 5:00pm ET on Monday, July 7, 2025, the Purchaser will provide copies of executed engagement letters with Miller Thomson LLP, Liz Rodbell as a consultant, and KPMG LLP as a financial advisor for the purposes of revising the business plan;
- 3. By 5:00pm ET on Tuesday, July 8, 2025, the Purchaser will provide evidence to the Vendor and the Monitor of the payment of retainers to these external advisors;
- 4. By 5:00pm ET on Thursday, July 10, 2025, the Purchaser will provide a draft revised business plan which includes the contemplated investment and renovations at each Lease location, merchandise mix, selected suppliers and licensees, banner name, marketing initiatives, customer

engagement activities and forecasted pro forma financial information over a five-year period, which business plan the Vendor will review and may share with Hudson's Bay's secured lenders on a without prejudice basis;

- 5. On the understanding that the revised business plan is delivered in the requisite time, the Vendor will respond with comments to the revised business plan by 5:00pm on Friday, July 11, 2025; and
- 6. By 5:00pm ET on Sunday, July 13, 2025, the Purchaser will provide a final revised business plan incorporating the reasonable comments received from the Vendor or otherwise addressing the concerns raised by such comments, which final business plan the Vendor will review and may share with Hudson's Bay's secured lenders, and if requested, the Purchaser will meet with Hudson's Bay's secured lenders to present and discuss the business plan.

Throughout this process, the Purchaser will cause its full business team to work continuously and cooperatively with its external advisors to meet these deadlines.

Any failure by the Purchaser to meet any of these terms or deadlines will constitute an immediate default by the Purchaser under the Agreement and will entitle the Vendor to immediately terminate the Agreement for breach of covenant.

We look forward to your prompt response. The Vendor reserves all its rights and remedies pursuant to the Agreement.

Yours truly,

Ashley Taylor

cc: Thomas Obersteiner, Hudson's Bay Company
Jonah Mann, Stikeman Elliott LLP
Adam Zalev and Darcy Eveleigh, Reflect Advisors LLC
Jay Freedman, Oberfeld Snowcap
Alan Hutchens and Greg Karpel, Alvarez & Marsal Canada Inc.
Sean Zweig and Michael Shakra, Bennett Jones LLP



Acknowledged and agreed to this 6^{th} day of July, 2025, for the purpose of amending the Agreement pursuant to Section 11.9 thereof, the whole pursuant to the terms of this letter.

RUBY LIU COMMERCIAL INVESTMENT CORP.

Name: Weihong Liu

Title: Chairwoman

EXHIBIT "A"



Stikeman Elliott LLP
Barristers & Solicitors
199 Bay Street
Suite 5300, Commerce Court West
Toronto, ON M5L 1B9
Canada

Main: 416 869 5500 Fax: 416 947 0866 www.stikeman.com

Ruby Liu Commercial Investment Corp and Weihong Liu 6631 Island Highway North Nanaimo, BC V9T 4T7 May 29, 2025

Attention: Ms. Ruby Liu and Central Walk Management Team (info@centralwalk.com)

Re: Asset Purchase Agreement - Landlord Waivers

To Ms. Ruby Liu,

On behalf of the Hudson's Bay Company ("HBC"), we are writing in connection with your agreement to acquire up to 25 third party lease (the "Leases") locations pursuant to an asset purchase agreement (the "Agreement") dated May 23, 2025 among Ruby Liu Commercial Investment Corp. (the "Purchaser"), as purchaser, Weihong Liu, as guarantor, and HBC and HBC Centrepoint GP Inc., as vendors.

As you know, under section 2.3(1) of the Agreement, you have until the close of business on Friday, June 13, 2025 (i.e. 15 business day following the execution of the Agreement), to obtain applicable waiver and amending agreements ("Landlord Waivers") from the relevant landlords under the Leases. The Purchaser is required to use commercially reasonable efforts to obtain these Landlord Waivers, and HBC and its advisors will provide you with reasonable assistance in this regard.

The Purchaser's obligation includes the initial preparation of all documents that are reasonably required to secure such Landlord Waivers in the most expeditious manner possible. We would be happy to provide our feedback to you on any such documents promptly following receipt. In view of the timing, there will be very little time to negotiate these documents with the Landlords, once they have been provided to them.

Given the costs associated with paying rent under the Leases following the expiry of HBC's inventory liquidation process (which is imminent), time is of the essence to progress the Lease assignment process. HBC will not be able to extend the applicable deadlines without support of HBC's secured creditors who would bear the costs and risk of an extended timeline.

To assist the Purchaser in this process, we set out below HBC's current expectations for steps we believe you should be taking, and information you should be preparing, in order to give the Purchaser the best chance of obtaining the numerous Landlord Waivers in a timely manner.

- 1. As previously communicated, it is imperative that the Purchaser engage external Canadian legal counsel to assist it with obtaining both the Landlord Waivers and subsequent court approval. We would like to reiterate that, in our view, your failure to engage qualified Canadian counsel is highly likely to have a material and detrimental impact on your ability to obtain the Landlord Waivers and to complete the contemplated transactions. We expect that Landlords will be far less likely to take your bid seriously if you are not represented by Canadian legal counsel and will almost certainly raise this as one of the main reasons for not consenting to your proposed purchase.
- 2. The Purchaser must prepare an appropriate form of Landlord Waiver for each applicable landlord under the Leases, including requested modifications to the Leases, if any. From a timing

perspective, it is important that the form of Landlord Waiver be provided to the Landlords at, or as soon as possible after, your initial meeting with them.

- 3. The Purchaser must provide the Landlords with sufficient information to assess the identity and financial wherewithal of the Purchaser entity, as would be customary and familiar to you in the context of tenant lease applications.
 - a. For Purchaser's financial condition, this would include financial statements of the Purchaser or its affiliates (or other evidence of financial capacity) that would be providing credit support for the Purchaser's obligations under the Leases and the capital expenditures required to repair and renovate the Lease premises.
 - b. For Purchaser identity, this would include a copy of the articles of formation, an organizational chart detailing ownership of the Purchaser and other "know your client" information of the Purchaser and any quarantors.
 - These are standard deliveries expected from new tenants in the case of lease assignments, and will definitely be required. This information should be prepared and provided to the Landlords as soon as possible.
- 4. Finalize a business plan for the Purchaser's modern department store concept, including contemplated investment and renovations at each Lease location, merchandise mix, selected suppliers and licensees, banner name, marketing initiatives, customer engagement activities and forecasted pro forma financial information over a 5 year period (subject to assumptions).
 - It is critical that this business plan does not raise any reasonable Landlord concerns relating to your obligation to comply with the lease terms (which we believe is your intention). If provided to us in sufficient time, we would be happy to review and provide our feedback and suggestions.
- 5. Details regarding the Purchaser's management team, including names, bios and relevant retail and operational experience.

HBC and its advisors have scheduled introduction meetings with each landlord under the Leases starting Monday, June 2nd in Toronto. We will continue to engage with landlords and share any relevant information, concerns or questions that should be appropriately addressed by the Purchaser. We will also continue to engage with other stakeholders in the CCAA proceedings to support the contemplated Lease assignments and start preparing materials for eventual court approvals. We would like to work cooperatively with your external counsel as soon as they are engaged.

We greatly appreciate your ongoing commitment and enthusiasm for acquiring the Leases and launching your new department store. This letter is intended to clarify and confirm alignment on next steps and timeline to successfully complete our transactions.

Please do not hesitate to contact us or HBC's other advisors if we can be of any further assistance in this process.

Thanks, Jonah

c.c. Franco Perugini, *Hudson's Bay Company ULC*Ashley Taylor, *Stikeman Elliott LLP*Al Hutchens and Greg Karpel, *Alvarez & Marsal Canada Inc.*Sean Zweig and Mike Shakra, *Bennett Jones LLP*Adam Zalev, *Reflect Advisors, LLC*Jay Freedman, *Oberfeld Snowcap*

EXHIBIT "B"



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www.torys.com

David Bish dbish@torys.com P. 416.865.7353

June 11, 2025

DELIVERED VIA EMAIL

Larry Ellis Miller Thomson LLP Scotia Plaza 40 King Street West Suite 6600, P.O. Box 1011 Toronto, ON M5H 3S1

Dear Mr. Ellis:

Re: Lease Assignment Consents - CCAA Sale Process - Hudson's Bay

We are in receipt of your letter dated June 6, 2025, wherein Weihong Liu ("Ms Liu") and Ruby Liu Commercial Investment Corp. (the "Proposed Assignee") have requested the consent of The Cadillac Fairview Corporation Limited ("CFCL") to the proposed assignment and assumption of certain leases currently held by Hudson's Bay Company ULC and its affiliates (collectively, "HBC"), as more particularly set out in your letter (the "Proposed Assignment"). CFCL does not consent to the Proposed Assignment.

CFCL is highly dissatisfied with the process by which the Proposed Assignment has unfolded, including the paucity of information made available to CFCL. Although CFCL has repeatedly requested information about the Proposed Assignment from HBC's counsel and the Court-appointed Monitor, its requests for information have been steadfastly ignored and CFCL's knowledge of the Proposed Assignment has been derived principally from press reports and Ms Liu's social media postings. Prior to your letter, none of Ms Liu, the Proposed Assignee, HBC, the Monitor, HBC's financial advisor, or the broker hired to conduct the lease monetization process has provided any written information in respect of the terms of the Proposed Assignment notwithstanding CFCL's request for, *inter alia*, a comprehensive business plan, detailed financial projections, and biographies of Ms Liu and her executive team. As you may be aware, senior representatives of CFCL met with Ms Liu and her representatives on June 2, 2025, and it was apparent at that meeting that Ms Liu was wholly unprepared to engage in a meaningful way with CFCL (e.g., no written materials of any kind were provided to CFCL in anticipation of or at such meeting).

CFCL has emphasized (including prior to and at its meeting with Ms Liu and her representatives) the need to see a comprehensive business plan – as any landlord would – in order to consider further Ms Liu's proposal. Your June 6 letter did not include or attach a business plan. The majority of the letter consists of a copy of Justice Osborne's Lease Monetization Order and provides almost no detail regarding a strategic, financial, or operational business plan. The bare-

bones financial projections attached to your letter seemingly consist of a mere derivation of HBC's historic operating results, while the cost structure enumerated therein does not reflect the reality of this situation. Any business plan for an enterprise of the scale that Ms Liu is purporting to run would have been significantly more comprehensive and thought out to be taken seriously by any interested parties. CFCL is left with a host of unanswered questions, including, but certainly not limited to, her plans for merchandising, staffing, repairs and renovations, marketing, and financing. Please provide such information immediately if you would like us to consider this further.

It is evident to CFCL that the Proposed Assignee is not able to fulfil the terms of the leases in question or to operate a massive retail operation in the leased locations in question. Nor does the Proposed Assignee have any apparent understanding of the scope and requirements of the undertaking that it proposes. It is apparent to CFCL – including from its most recent meeting with Ms Liu – that Ms Liu does not have the wherewithal to act as a retail operator in these leased locations. In her meeting with CFCL and in her social media postings, Ms Liu has proposed pursuing wildly divergent uses of the premises such as large children's playgrounds, significant space devoted to an Eataly (the costs of which she expects CFCL to share equally with her), and a potpourri of eclectic marketplaces and entertainment experiences. Such uses and plans do not comply with the terms of the leases. Moreover, none of this is either described or dispelled in your letter, leaving significant uncertainty as to Ms Liu's plans, or if she in fact knows what her plan is. CFCL is left with the strong impression that Ms Liu is making this up as she goes. These inconsistencies and lack of clarity in Ms Liu's messaging, her lack of preparedness, and her lack of experience as a retail operator, undermine her credibility as a serious tenant capable of operating a retail enterprise of this scale in the CFCL locations.

The Proposed Assignment would, in CFCL's view, have significant adverse consequence on CFCL and the financial performance of the retail centres in which the subject leased properties are located. No evidence has been provided to CFCL to support that the Proposed Assignee (apparently incorporated in May 2025) is adequately capitalized, and we understand that neither Ms Liu nor her operating company, Central Walk, is prepared to backstop the obligations of the Proposed Assignee under the CFCL leases. The lack of planning and preparation by Ms Liu in respect of the Proposed Assignment is evident in CFCL's interactions with her to date and in the short letter that has been thrown together at the 11th hour. If our understanding is incorrect, we ask that Ms Liu correct it immediately.

Accordingly, and as noted above, CFCL does not consent to the Proposed Assignment.

Yours truly,

David Bish DB/en

cc: Jeremy Opolsky (Torys LLP)

Greg Karpel / Alan J. Hutchens (Alvarez & Marsal Canada Inc.)

Sean Zweig / Michael Shakra (Bennett Jones LLP) Ashley Taylor / Jonah Mann (Stikeman Elliott LLP)

EXHIBIT "C"



Toronto-Dominion Centre 100 Wellington Street West Suite 3200, P.O. Box 329 Toronto, ON Canada M5K 1K7 T 416.304.1616 F 416.304.1313

D.J. Miller T: 416-304-0559 E: djmiller@tgf.ca File No. 1143-011

June 11, 2025

BY EMAIL

Bennett Jones LLP 3400 One First Canadian Place P.O. Box 130 Toronto, ON M5X 1A4

Attention: Sean Zweig Atte

Stikeman Elliott LLP Suite 5300 Commerce Court West 199 Bay Street Toronto, ON M5L 1B9

Attention: Ashley Taylor

Dear Sirs:

Re: In the Matter of a Plan of Compromise or Arrangement of Hudson's Bay Company ULC Compagnie de la Baie D'Hudson SRI et al ("HBC"), Court File No. CV-25-00738613-00CL

As you are aware, we are counsel to Oxford Properties ("Oxford") in connection with HBC's proceeding under the CCAA.

We refer to our May 28, 2025, letter (the "May 28 Letter") addressed to Mr. Zweig and copied to Mr. Taylor, wherein Oxford requested certain information, including as it relates to the corporate structure and financial details of Ruby Lui Commercial Investment Corp. (the "Intended Purchaser") for a proposed transaction involving certain of Oxford's leases, among others (the "Transaction"). A copy of our earlier letter is enclosed with this correspondence for ease of reference. We understand that the Oxford leases that the Intended Purchaser wishes to take an assignment of, and the bid price for each, is as follows:

Southcentre Mall (Calgary):
Hillcrest Mall (Richmond Hill):
Upper Canada Mall (Newmarket):

To date, we have not received a response to the May 28 Letter, and Oxford reiterates its request. Information such as that requested in our May 28 Letter is a basic and standard starting point in the context of assessing a request for consent to any proposed lease assignment.

In addition, Oxford also requires the following information:

1. <u>Terms of Leases and Cost of Repairs</u>: It is clear from the meeting that representatives of Oxford had with the Intended Purchaser and its promoter Ms. Liu (with HBC, the Monitor and various advisors) that Ms. Liu has very limited understanding of the terms of the leases



to which she is seeking an assignment, including but not limited to the extent of the repairs that are immediately required to be undertaken at Oxford's locations. Accordingly, we request:

- (a) details of the due diligence undertaken by the Intended Purchaser to assess the condition of the buildings, including the number of site visits to each location, and all those who attended on behalf of the Intended Purchaser;
- (b) the names and qualifications of any consultants or contractors retained to evaluate the repairs required to be immediately undertaken at each location, and the dates on which any such consultants attended at each of the leased premises; and
- (c) a breakdown of the capital amount allocated as being proposed by the Intended Purchaser to be spent immediately at each of Oxford's stores for the required repairs to the interior and exterior of the whole premises (separate and apart from, and in addition to any amounts allocated for interior renovations, repairs or upgrades to accommodate an operating department store).

In that regard, we refer you to our earlier letter dated June 6, 2025 showing the immediate costs required to be spent at Southcentre Mall alone, which bears no relation to the information relayed to our client by the Intended Purchaser at the June 2, 2025 meeting at Stikemans' office.

- 2. <u>The Proposed Department Store Operation</u>: each lease requires that the premises be continuously operated as an integrated department store, together with a number of other requirements. Please advise as to:
 - (a) the name of the department store under which the Intended Purchaser would propose to operate its fully integrated department store;
 - (b) any floor plans or concept drawings that identify the layout, intended uses, and division of space across various departments or product categories;
 - (c) the identity of any suppliers or service providers with whom the Intended Purchaser has entered into prospective agreements, relating to the operation of a department store;
 - (d) confirmation as to the type and range of products that the Intended Purchaser proposes to sell in the premises, as an integrated department store with significant restrictions under the lease as to any concession space;

All of this information is required now, at the time our client's consent to an assignment is sought – not deferred by way of a promise to some future date.



3. <u>Financial Information Provided to the Monitor and HBC</u>: Oxford received a letter from Larry Ellis of Miller Thomson on June 6, 2025 on behalf of the Intended Purchaser and Ms. Liu (the "**June 6 Letter**"), on which each of you were copied, purportedly marked "Private and Confidential". This follows our being advised on June 2, 2025 (at the meeting at Stikemans' office) that Dentons was counsel for those parties. The June 6 Letter suggests that information relating to the Intended Purchaser's financial capacity and ability to comply with all obligations under the leases has been provided to HBC and the Monitor.

Accordingly, we request <u>all</u> such information in any format that has been provided to the Monitor or HBC during the Lease Monetization Process by or on behalf of the Intended Purchaser. That includes any financial statements, funding commitments, business plans, operational plans, *pro formas*, or related materials that were provided to either HBC or the Monitor and the dates on which such information was provided. The dates on which such information was provided to HBC, the Monitor or any of the advisors within the SISP / Lease Monetization Process is important, as the information relating to the Intended Purchaser and Ms. Liu appears to have changed following various conversations with landlords. A landlord who is asked for its consent to the assignment of leases is entitled to receive and consider all of the same information that the existing tenant HBC and the courtappointed Monitor have received in forming their view and assessment.

4. <u>Confirmation of Intent to Pay Land Transfer Tax</u>: Oxford is still reviewing and considering the June 6 Letter. However, it appears that (among other things) the Intended Purchaser has not accounted for land transfer tax obligations in the 'Cash Flow' chart appended to the June 6 Letter. Accordingly, Oxford requests confirmation that the Intended Purchaser has accounted for the payment of land transfer taxes it would be required to pay if the applicable leases are assigned, and how that is to be reflected in the "Cash Flow".

It will come as no surprise that, based on the information that Oxford has received, Oxford does not consent to or support an assignment of any of their leases to the Intended Purchaser.

We look forward to hearing from you.

Yours truly,

D.y. Miller Encl.



Toronto-Dominion Centre 100 Wellington Street West Suite 3200, P.O. Box 329 Toronto, ON Canada M5K 1K7 T 416.304.1616 F 416.304.1313

D.J. Miller T: 416-304-0559 E: djmiller@tgf.ca File No. 1143-011

May 28, 2025

BY EMAIL

Bennett Jones LLP 3400 One First Canadian Place P.O. Box 130 Toronto, ON M5X 1A4

Attention: Sean Zweig

Dear Sirs:

Re: In the Matter of a Plan of Compromise or Arrangement of Hudson's Bay Company ULC Compagnie de la Baie D'Hudson SRI et al ("HBC"), Court File No. CV-25-00738613-00CL

As you know, we represent Oxford Properties Group *et al*, in this proceeding.

Our client acknowledges receipt of the attached letter from Reflect Advisors relating to a proposed transaction with Ruby Liu Commercial Investment Corp. (the "**Purchaser**") with Ms. Liu as Guarantor (the "**Transaction**"), regarding a desire to acquire up to 25 of HBC's leases, subject to landlord consent and Court approval. Please confirm which of our client's locations are included in the proposed Transaction, and that all terms of the existing leases are intended to be complied with as part of the proposed Transaction.

The Reflect letter requests a meeting with our client to discuss details of the proposed Transaction. Our client is prepared to meet at its offices in Toronto and will have a translator available. Please advise as to who such arrangements are to be made with, and our client will coordinate.

In order to make the meeting as efficient as possible and to allow our client to begin the process of its consideration without delay, we would ask that the following be provided to our client in advance of the meeting:

1. Information as to the Purchaser's financial wherewithal, including that of the Guarantor if Ms. Liu's financial wherewithal is being reviewed when considering the Purchaser's ability to complete the Transaction and comply with the financial obligations under the leases. We note that the Reflect letter indicates that "the Purchaser has provided evidence satisfactory to [HBC] and its advisors of its financial wherewithal", so that is what our client is looking to receive. We anticipate that would include financial statements, any



draft *pro forma* statements, profit & loss and business plans that have been provided to HBC, the Monitor or any advisors in connection with the proposed Transaction.

- 2. Information to allow Oxford to undertake its "know your customer" (KYC) obligations, including the following:
 - a. The Reflect letter indicates that Ms. Liu is the "majority shareholder" of the Purchaser, so the KYC process includes a list of all parties with an interest in the Purchaser, and the extent or nature of their interest.
 - b. A copy of the Articles of Incorporation for the Purchaser.
- 3. The Reflect letter refers to the Purchaser's "leadership team" and "strong management team" so our client's receipt in advance of the meeting details of all members of each and their experience as retail operators would be most helpful.

Kindly copy the undersigned when the above information is provided, whether by the Monitor or HBC or their respective counsel, or the advisors. Thank you.

Yours truly,

Thornton Grout Finnigan LLP

D.J. Miller DM/gk

EXHIBIT "D"



T 416-593-1221



John C. Wolf D: 416-593-2994 F: 416-596-2044 jwolf@blaney.com

June 12th, 2025

Via Email

ALVAREZ & MARSAL CANADA INC.

aney Aurtry

Royal Bank Plaza, South Tower 200 Bay Street, Suite 29000 P.O. Box 22 Toronto, ON M5J 2J1

Attention: Alan J. Hutchens

BENNETT JONES LLP 3400 One First Canadian Place P.O. Box 130 Toronto, ON M5X 1A4

Attention: Sean Zweig, Michael Shakra, Preet Gill, Thomas Gray and Linda Fraser-Richardson

Dear Sir/Madam:

Re: Hudson's Bay Company ULC by lease dated February 1st, 2024 ("Southgate Lease")

at Southgate Centre, Edmonton, AB ("Southgate Shopping Centre")

And Re: Hudson's Bay Company ULC by lease February 1st, 2024 ("Oshawa Lease") at

Oshawa Centre, Oshawa, ON ("Oshawa Shopping Centre")

And Re: Hudson's Bay Company ULC by lease dated August 1st, 1972, amended and extended

("Orchard Park Lease") at Orchard Park Shopping Centre, Kelowna, BC ("Orchard

Park Shopping Centre")

And Re: Hudson's Bay Company ULC by lease dated June 15th, 1978, amended and extended

("Conestoga Lease") at Conestoga Mall, Waterloo, ON ("Conestoga Mall")

And Re: In the matter of the Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act, R.S.C. 1985, C-36, as

Amended - Court File No. CV-25-00738613-00CL ("Estate")

And Re: Proposed statutory assignment of Lease to Ruby Liu Commercial Investment Corp

As you know, we are the lawyers for Primaris REIT.

Our client has met the proposed assignee on two separate occasions for a total of approximately four (4) hours so as to permit the proposed assignee to present her plans in the event of an assignment of any of the leases at issue.

Our client has also reviewed Mr. Ellis' letter of June 6th, 2025 and attachment.

Our client has advised us, that after carefully listening to Ms. Liu and reviewing the information that she has provided in support of the proposal to assign our clients' leases, that our client will not consent to assignment of any of its leases.

This decision has been made after careful consideration of the terms of each lease, as well as applicable statutory and common law provisions and jurisprudence, the commercial realities of the marketplace, and the economic impact of the proposed assignment.

This is not the appropriate forum to set forth each and every fact to be relied upon in the event of a contested assignment. Having said that, reasons include, but are not limited, to:

- inability to honour provisions of the lease related to continuous operation;
- lack of any relevant major department store experience;
- absence of any existing major department store business operations;
- absence of brand recognition;
- projections which are incapable of being met;
- understatement of repair and maintenance costs; and
- overstatement of projected revenue in at least years one and two.

Our client notes that, to the best of their knowledge, there is no successful example in recent history in North America where any brand new full scale department store opened numerous department store locations in three (3) months or even in any year. Typically, such tenants may open one or two locations in a year, not twenty-eight (28). Target is an example of a retailer that attempted to open numerous stores in Canada in a short period of time. However, Target is distinguishable from the current situation because Target had significant brand recognition, a massive existing infrastructure, including suppliers and backroom administration, and extensive, sophisticated and targeted advance planning. Despite these advantages, Target still became insolvent and failed within two (2) years.

By way of overview, Ms. Liu's plans are, in our client's view, predicated upon hope, optimism and not on experience in respect of the minimum timelines and costs to refurbish twenty-eight (28) locations, in various degrees of disrepair, in three (3) provinces. Our client's four (4) premises are in significant states of disrepair and there is no reasonable prospect that plans, approvals, permits, trades, and product supply can be completed in three (3) months as projected. All assumptions in the plan that flow from such a materially unrealistic time proposal render all projections inaccurate.

The only commercially reasonable conclusion is that an objective person with industry experience would conclude that the proposed assignments would not result in compliance with the tenant's obligations under the applicable leases and would materially adversely affect the landlord's rights under the leases.

Yours very truly,

Blaney McMurtry LLP

John C. Wolf

John C. Wolf JCW/gf

EXHIBIT "E"

Stikeman Elliott LLP
Barristers & Solicitors
199 Bay Street
Suite 5300, Commerce Court West
Toronto, ON M5L 1B9
Canada

Main: 416 869 5500 Fax: 416 947 0866 www.stikeman.com

June 28, 2025 By Email to info@centralwalk.com

File No.: 0124131975

Ruby Liu Commercial Investment Corp. and Weihong Liu 6631 Island Highway North Nanaimo, BC V9T 4T7

Attention: Central Walk Management Team

Dear Sirs/Mesdames:

RE: Asset Purchase Agreement dated May 23, 2025, between HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY

ULC COMPAGNIE DE LA BAIE D'HUDSON SRI and HBC CENTREPOINT GP INC., collectively as Vendor, RUBY LIU COMMERCIAL INVESTMENT CORP., as Purchaser, and WEIHONG LIU, as Guarantor, as amended by Amending Agreement dated June 13,

2025 (collectively, the "Agreement")

Capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meaning ascribed thereto in the Agreement.

On June 25, 2025, a representative of the Purchaser provided to legal counsel for the Vendor a spreadsheet titled "Cure Cost Sheet - 20250625" (the "June 25 Cure Cost Chart"). A copy of the covering email is attached as Schedule A hereto, and a copy of the June 25 Cure Cost Chart is attached as Schedule B hereto.

Section 2.3(3)(a) of the Agreement includes a covenant of the Purchaser to deliver a Purchaser Cure Cost Claim with respect to each Lease, which covenant was to be fulfilled on or before the Cure Cost Claims Date (being June 25, 2025). We assume that the June 25 Cure Cost Chart was intended to satisfy this covenant.

For the following reasons, the delivery of the June 25 Cure Cost Chart does not comply with the Purchaser's obligations under the Agreement:

- (a) pursuant to Section 2.3(3)(a) of the Agreement, the Purchaser was to deliver to the Vendor an itemized summary, in reasonable detail, of all Cure Costs which it claims are or will be owing under each of the Leases as of the Closing Date (each such claim being a Purchaser Cure Cost Claim); and
- (b) pursuant to Section 2.3(3)(d) of the Agreement, no Cure Costs are to be allocated to the Hillcrest Mall Lease.

Pursuant to Section 2.3(3)(b), the Vendor, the Purchaser and the Monitor must negotiate and agree on the Purchaser Cure Cost Claims with respect to the Leases. The Monitor has not yet agreed to the Purchaser Cure Costs Claims. The itemized summary of Cure Costs is important in order that (i) the Vendor can provide support to the Monitor in connection with reaching an agreement on the Purchaser Cure Cost Claims, (ii) the Vendor can justify to the Court (if and when the Court is asked to approve this transaction) that any agreed credit for Cure Costs is appropriate, and (iii) with respect to the Hillcrest Mall Lease, so as to not render the right of first refusal offer given to the Landlord of the Hillcrest Mall Lease ineffective.

Please provide a revised itemized Purchaser Cure Cost Claim addressing these deficiencies by close of business on Monday, June 30, 2025, in order that we can engage with the Monitor as contemplated in Section 2.3(3).

Yours truly,

Stikeman Elliott LLP

Adriana Conti, for Alisha L. Johnson

cc. Miller Thomson LLP

cc. Hudson's Bay Company ULC

Schedule A June 25 Email Correspondence

From: Linda Qin <Linda.Qin@centralwalk.com>
Sent: Wednesday, June 25, 2025 4:51 PM

To: Adriana Conti; Ellis, Larry; Hong Liu; Mae Wang

Cc: Kline, Adam; Massie, Sam; Jonah Mann; Frank Selke; Doug Klaassen; Neil Shapiro; Dana Porter;

Ashley Taylor; Maria Konyukhova; Alisha Johnson

Subject: 回复: HBC/CW - Asset Purchase Agreement (25 lease transaction)

Attachments: Cure Cost Sheet-20250625 .pdf

Please see attached estimated cure cost.

Let us know if you have any question.

Thanks Linda



Linda Qin MBA

CEO

Central Walk Canada

5000 Canoe Pass Way,

Tsawwassen, British Columbia V4M 0B3

Ph: 604-260-4971 Cell: 604-782-6160

E: linda.gin@centralwalk.com

发件人: Adriana Conti < AConti@stikeman.com>

发送时间: 2025 年 6 月 25 日 7:51

收件人: Ellis, Larry < lellis@millerthomson.com>

抄送: Kline, Adam <akline@millerthomson.com>; Massie, Sam <smassie@millerthomson.com>; Linda Qin

<Linda.Qin@centralwalk.com>; Jonah Mann <JMann@stikeman.com>; Frank Selke <FSelke@stikeman.com>; Doug

Klaassen <DKlaassen@stikeman.com>; Neil Shapiro <NShapiro@stikeman.com>; Dana Porter <DPorter@stikeman.com>; Ashley Taylor <ATAYLOR@stikeman.com>; Maria Konyukhova

<MKonyukhova@stikeman.com>; Alisha Johnson <AJohnson@stikeman.com>

主题: RE: HBC/CW - Asset Purchase Agreement (25 lease transaction)

Hi Larry,

Just following up on the below. Can you please provide us with the status of the Purchaser Cure Cost Claim calculations?

Thanks, Adriana

Adriana Conti (she/her)

Direct: +1 416 869 6800

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Schedule B June 25 Cure Cost Chart

Cure C	ost					
Date: June	25 2025 Location	Shopping Mall	Store Area SF	Number of	COST	
Province	Location	Shopping Mail	Store Area Sr	Floors	ESTIMATION	
BC	Kelowna	Orchard Park Shopping Centre	127,290	1	992,613	
BC	Richmond	Richmond Centre	169,692	2	1,323,265	
BC	Surrey	Guildford Town Centre	174,462	2	1,360,462	
BC	Coquitlam	Coquitlam Centre	120,086	2	936,436	
BC	Langley	Willowbrook Shopping Centre	131,146	2	1,022,682	
AB	Calgary	CF Market Mall	200,000	2	1,559,608	
AB	Calgary	Southcentre Mall	164,514	2	1,282,887	
AB	Calgary	Chinook Centre	206,514	2	1,610,405	
AB	Edmonton	West Edmonton Mall	164,250	2	1,280,828	
AB	Edmonton	Southgate Shopping Centre	236,551	2	1,844,634	
ON	Toronto	Fairview Mall	152,420	2	1,188,577	1
ON	Toronto	Sherway Garden	223,477	2	1,742,683	
ON	Toronto	Centerpoint Mall	122,502	1	955,276	
ON	Richmond Hill	Hillcrest Mall	136,915	1	1,067,669	
ON	London	Masonville Place	84,928	2	662,272	
ON	Ottawa	Bayshore Shopping Centre	180,696	3	1,409,075	
ON	Ottawa	St.Laurent Shopping Centre	145,074	2	1,131,293	
ON	Kitchener	Fairview park	184,714	1	1,440,407	
ON	Newmarket	Upper Canada Mall	142,780	2	1,113,404	
ON	Burlington	Mapleview Centre	129,066	2	1,006,462	
ON	Oshawa	Oshawa Centre	122,624	2	956,227	
ON	Waterloo	Conestoga Mall	130,580	1	1,018,268	
ON	Brampton	Bramalea City Centre	131,438	2	1,024,959	
ON	Hamilton	Limeridge Mall	125,307	2	977,149	
ON	Markham	Markville Shopping Centre	140,094	2	1,092,459	
Total			3,847,120		30,000,000	

ATTACHMENT 3 of 4

ATTACHMENT 4 of 4



July 9, 2025

To Whom It May Concern,

I am writing to confirm that Tsawwassen First Nation (TFN) has no concerns with Ms. Ruby Liu's acquisition of former Hudson's Bay store leases. Central Walk has been a significant and valuable tenant of TFN commercial land since 2023. TFN appreciates and supports the owner of Central Walk, Ms. Liu's strong commitment to revitalizing the mall businesses and contributing to the wellbeing of the Tsawwassen community.

Since taking over Tsawwassen Mills, which sits on Tsawwassen Lands, Ms. Liu has demonstrated outstanding leadership and a strong commitment to long-term investment, community partnership, and cultural inclusion. Over the past two years, she has led a remarkable revitalization of the mall: significantly increasing its occupancy rate, and turning what was once a distressed asset into a financially viable property.

More importantly, Ms. Liu's efforts go beyond financial performance. She has worked closely with our Nation to ensure that Tsawwassen Mills is not only a commercial destination, but also a space that respects and reflects the cultural heritage of the land it occupies. Initiatives such as a planned transformation of Entrance 3 into an Indigenous cultural showcase, along with the development of new multicultural food and art spaces, are meaningful steps toward deeper cultural visibility and connection with the community.

Under her leadership, Tsawwassen Mills has evolved into a vibrant, family-friendly destination, now attracting over 5.6 million visitors annually. New features such as the indoor children's playground and 5D cinema have helped reenergize the local economy and create new gathering spaces.

We appreciate having Ms. Liu who takes on her business commercial approach with long-term perspective and respect for our Indigenous community. We anticipate Ms. Liu's continued investment in Canadian retail, including her proposed acquisition of former Hudson's Bay locations, will be carried out with the same care and attention.

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Chief Laura Cassidy

Tsawwassen First Nation